





## Hartford Republican

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W. A. ANDERSON, Proprietor.

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## REPUBLICAN DEVICE.



TO VOTE THE REPUBLICAN TICKET PUT THE X UNDER THE LOG CABIN.

The Republican State Central Committee recently adopted the Log Cabin as the emblem to be placed upon the Republican ballots instead of the Eagle against the use of which the Democrats were about instituting an injunction. The Log Cabin is the emblem adopted by the old Whigs in the campaign of 1840 and the suggestion was found here. To vote the Republican ticket stamp the X in the space below the Log Cabin.

## Republican Ticket.

Governor,  
COL. W. M. C. BRADLEY,  
of Garrard county.

Lieutenant Governor,  
WM. J. WORTHINGTON,  
of Greenup county.

Auditor,  
SAM H. STONE,  
of Madison county.

Secretary of State,  
CHARLES FINLEY,  
of Whitley county.

Treasurer,  
GEORGE W. LONG,  
of Grayson county.

Attorney General,  
JUDGE W. S. TAYLOR,  
of Butler county.

Supt. of Public Instruction,  
W. J. DAVIDSON,  
of Pulaski county.

Register of the Land Office,  
CHARLES O. REYNOLDS,  
of Fayette county.

Commissioner of Agriculture,  
LUCAS MOORE,  
of Marion county.

Railroad Commissioner 1st Dist.  
JERRY R. PORTER,  
of Hickman county.

For State Senator,  
DR. A. D. JAMES.

For Representative from Ohio County  
C. M. BARNETT.

For Coroner,  
L. W. HUNT.

## To the Voters of Ohio County

Having been nominated by the Democratic party for the Legislature, I am before you asking your suffrage. I can only pledge you that if elected I will look after and guard your interests as I would my own, and endeavor to represent the whole people, irrespective of parties. I will appreciate your vote. Respectfully,  
SAM K. COX.

## To the Voters of Ohio County

FELLOW CITIZENS:—I am before you as the Populist candidate to represent Ohio county in the Lower House and am asking the suffrage of every honest producer of wealth. If elected, I pledge myself to work for the best interest of Ohio county, and look after and guard your interests to the best of my ability. I promise also, that my vote for United States Senator shall go to that candidate whom I think will best subserve the great majority of Kentuckians on the currency question, viz.: The enactment of a law for the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver, at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1. No one will appreciate your vote more than myself.  
Respy,  
J. P. MILLER.

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

We have made repeated appeals to subscribers who are in arrears with us; some have responded cheerfully and paid one year in advance, others have paid no attention to our notices. To all those who have paid we are very thankful, to those who have not paid, we ask you again to call or send in that subscription account you owe. We are at a great expense every week and MUST have what is due us on subscription. Look at the label on your paper and you will see how much you are indebted to us, and don't rest until you have paid it off. Your subscription account is just as essential as any account and you ought to pay it just the same as any other account, and you will confer a great favor on us by paying AT ONCE.

Messrs. A. T. NALL & Co. have posted notices to the effect that on the 14th day of September they will apply to the County Court for license to sell liquor by the drink in Hartford. Judge Owen in the Contested election case decides the Circuit Court has no jurisdiction and the case will no doubt go to the Court of Appeals. Somebody must be getting mighty dry in Hartford.

PISO'S CURE FOR  
CROUP WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS  
Best Cough Syrup in the World. Use  
in time. Sold by druggists.

The big G. A. R. parade at Louisville occurs next Wednesday.

Down with the town hog and town cow and up with decent streets.

The weather of the past few days is sufficient to remind, even the least observing, that the good year of 1895 is entering upon its last legs.

It's been nearly a week since the papers have had more than a half column about the brauber bruto, Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

A 50 cent dollar may satisfy the laborer of Mexico and other Free Silver countries, but American laborers insist upon a 100 cent dollar.

The disturbance at Eminence which resulted in the breaking off of the joint debates between Col. Bradley and Gen. Hardin was raised by a lot of drunken Democrats.

The plan to befriend the public mind by false issues put forth by Hardin in the joint debates would not work and Wat had to get out of it somehow. Hence, the Eminence mob.

To attribute Col. Bradley's action to his inability to meet Gen. Hardin on the stump is to display either your absolute ignorance or your unequalled disregard for the truth.

The Free Silverites receive very little consolation from Mr. Balfour, First Lord of the British Treasury, in his recent utterances regarding an international monetary conference, looking to the remonetization of silver. England is not ready for such arrangement.

The Louisville officers waited until after the fight was over to serve the warrant of arrest on McCoy and Moore Monday night. They were wanted in Illinois, but had an engagement to fight at Louisville. Of course the accommodating officers stood by and saw the fight and then arrested the men.

The crowd which gathered at Eminence last Friday to hear the joint debate was largely for Bradley, but there was a number of things in the crowd who were well filled up on liquor and who went in to drive Mr. Bradley from the stand. They succeeded, a feat which Mr. Hardin could never perform.

In 1892 the people turned prodigal and went off after Democracy. In 1894 they returned in sackcloth and ashes and old Nature in answer to their repentance has killed the fatted calf, and in the way of a crop has got a bump on herself that discounts all her previous efforts. There's nothing too good for a returning prodigal.

The manner in which Col. Bradley was treated at Eminence last Friday would be condemned by any party in the world but the Democratic party and by the Democratic party in any other State but Kentucky. And yet Mr. Hardin and the Democratic bosses and small fry editors in view of Mr. Hardin's defeat in every joint debate are insisting that Bradley's reason for quitting the debates was that he was unable to cope with Gen. Hardin.

The Sunday Star, a leading Democratic Sunday paper of Louisville says: "Bradley has knocked the wind out of the negro bugaboo." The Star also says: "Kentucky needs a change." She'll get it. Again the Star says: "The election of Gen. Parker Watkins Hardin Governor of Kentucky would be nothing less than a public calamity. Aside from questions of currency he has a weakness, vacillation and greed for office that cannot be indorsed by serious thinking people."

In opposition to a hog law in Hartford it is argued that the hogs are our only street scavengers and that if we have no hogs on the streets the people would die of diseases, engendered by the accumulation of filth. Let's climb one hill at a time. Drive the hog out of town and then the authorities will be compelled to clean the streets, which duty has been but imperfectly performed by the town hog.

## THE EMINENCE MOB.

Such a display of ill breeding and down right lawlessness as that which drove Col. Bradley from the stand at Eminence on last Friday could occur nowhere outside of Kentucky. Such mobocracy could find a home nowhere else save in a State which gives to the world 48 murders in 49 days. That such things should happen would seem to be bad enough, but so desperate have the Democratic managers become that they seek to condone, if not to wholly excuse the offense, and thus add insult to injury by intimating that Col. Bradley's action was unwarranted. Col. Bradley was grossly insulted by the organized mob of thugs, who were there for that purpose, and he did only what any other self-respecting gentleman would have done under the circumstances.

A fair and unbiased view of the subject can but lead to the conclusion that the Democratic managers sought these base and dishonorable means of getting Mr. Hardin out of a series of debates in which he was continually losing ground.

Such a state of affairs is sufficient to bring the blush of shame to the face of any fair-minded Democrat.

Will hoodlums and huns do all the voting in November? We think not.

Quay had things all his way in the recent Republican Convention in Pennsylvania.

The election is just two months away and very few if any clubs in the county are organized.

Have you a Republican Club in your precinct? If not see to the organization of one immediately.

His cry aloud for salvation, did Wat Hardin, and he got it at the hands of the Eminence mob.

Did the Republican party ever stoop so low as to import hoodlums to cry down a Democratic candidate?

Hardin and the Democratic party were indeed in great straits when they instigated the Eminence mob to violence in order to drive Col. Bradley from the stand.

Every precinct in the county should have a well organized Republican Club and the time to begin the work of organization is now. To-day is the day of salvation, is as true in politics as elsewhere. What precinct will be the first to organize?

The ringing of the College bell makes life in Hartford more homelike. The College with its students and busy teachers is sadly missed during vacation, and all are glad to welcome the old institution to the beginning of another year's labor and successes.

The brave Cubans who are fighting for political liberty are to be congratulated upon their heroism and devotion to the interests of their country. They have the sympathy of patriots everywhere. Here's wishing the Cubans may throw off the galling Spanish yoke and be free.

Mr. Bradley made a good point says the Louisville Commercial, when he called attention to the fact that the free silver men proposed to make the silver mine owners' \$1,000 worth of silver into \$2,000, but did not propose to make the farmers' 1,000 bushels of wheat into 2,000 bushels. The free silver plan is to make silver mines equal to gold mines, and make the rich richer and poor poorer.

UNITED STATES Department of Agriculture gives the following report of crops for the month of August: "The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture on the 10th of the month relates to conditions as they stood on the first of the month. This understood, the returns show an improvement in the condition of corn of about 3 points during the month of July, or from 99.3 to 102.5. The average for some of the principal States are: Ohio, 99; Kentucky, 113; Indiana, 100; Illinois, 106; Iowa, 107; Missouri, 115; Kansas, 90; Nebraska, 76; Virginia, 102; North Carolina, 98; Georgia, 108; Alabama, 99; Mississippi, 93; New York, 98; Pennsylvania, 90; Texas, 113."

It is awful to contemplate the disgraceful scenes that occurred at the joint debate, at Eminence, right in the presence of death. Mr. Leep, an old and respected citizen of the town, had just been killed by lightning in their midst, but nothing could influence that crowd of ruffians that had been imported from Frankfort for the purpose for the occasion. A dispatch says that it is the opinion of prominent Henry county Democrats that on this account alone that county will give Bradley four hundred majority. No one blames the good people of Henry county, as the leaders are known to be clerks from Frankfort who were uneasy about their lost places.

## THAT SECOND PLATFORM

The Democratic State Central Committee has reported the platform cut to fit Wat Hardin and it is a miserable makeshift and a disgrace to the men whose names are signed to it.

The people are told by misstatement, if not in words, that Republican success means mixed schools and negro domination. When the men who wrote it and the imps over the State who shout it from the rostrum, know it is every word a low, mean, infamous campaign lie.

A Democrat writing to the Louisville Post of Saturday in speaking of the Address says:

"The Harmony Address of the Democratic State Committee, lordly, arrogant childishness overtops any document ever issued on a serious subject by boys out of their kitchenbooks. It is simply this: You must all vote for Hardin, or the State will be turned over to the Republicans, and that means the domination of the negro."

"The census 1890 shows for Kentucky a population of 1,590,462 whites and 268,173 colored people, that is, six of the former to one of the latter, or more exactly, 85 and 57/100 per cent. of the former to 14 and 43/100 of the latter. If all the colored men vote the Republican ticket, they must still get over 35 per cent. out of the white population. In other words, five whites must vote the Republican ticket for every two blacks. How little the blacks have to say within the party the Courier-Journal tells us everyday; and is clear enough. There is not a colored man on the State ticket; none has been nominated anywhere for the Legislature; none in Louisville among all the forty-six local candidates."

"Yet every six white Kentuckians are to handle together in the hands of the one poor, ignorant, slave-loving nigger. At the same time the committee is paying colored speakers to enlist negro votes for the Democratic party."

"The address tells that, if the Re-

publicans get hold of the State they will use the common school system (which must mean that they will give us mixed schools) forgetting that the constitution provides fully against any such changes, and pretending not to know that while Kentucky Republicans have the same feeling against mixed schools as Kentucky Democrats. And they wind up by telling us that the currency is a national issue, with which we have nothing to do in a State election."

How does a party whose bosses resort to such rot expect to maintain their own self-respect, much less the confidence of the people.

The Democratic Party in a bad fix. The Democratic voters of Kentucky have to choose between Hardin and the Democratic party. The Georgetown Times, one of the leading papers of the State, says:

"The free silver papers are jubilant over the position taken by Gen. Hardin in his speech at Louisville on the currency question. The jubilation is ill-timed. Without the support of the sound money Democracy Gen. Hardin would not have the ghost of a chance of election, and it is a severe test of their fealty to the party to support him, in view of the antagonism he shows to the party platform."

Gen. Hardin, in our judgment, should not receive a single vote from hard money Democrats.

Further than this, no Democrat, whatever his views on silver, should vote for Hardin. His whole course is destructive of all party councils. It is an attempt to substitute the will of a reckless and rebellious faction for the formally expressed will of the majority.

There is no precedent whatever for the course Hardin is pursuing. If it had been deliberately adopted to disrupt the party, it could not have been different.

The first questions of all questions is whether the party will bow subserviently to the yoke of Hardin, or whether it will make an example of him, and so for all time make the reputation of such an act as Hardin's impossible.—[Louisville Post.

## Cried Down By Hoodlums.

It is a perpetual disgrace on the fair name of Kentucky that the hoodlum element should be allowed to cry down a candidate for the high office of Governor. Such was the case at the joint debate at the Eminence Fair. Was it the good people of Henry County? No it was high officials from Frankfort heading a gang of hoodlums that they brought along with them on purpose. Bradley made four attempts to speak but the hoodlums completely drowned his voice by demagogical yell's cat calls kicking the loose boards of the platform and cries of "rah for Hardin."

Mr. Bradley had been warned that the Frankfort crowd had come down to make a disturbance so when he did all he could and found further efforts fruitless he did just what any other gentleman would have done under the same circumstances. He withdrew. The State Republican Executive committee endorsed his action and cancelled further appointments for the joint debate if it could be called a debate. Mr. Bradley discussed the issues of the day—Mr. Hardin didn't. Hardin talked about the war and the demoralization of silver in 1873 to which he laid all the ills of humanity and got no farther; but drifted off into race prejudice, called the Republican party the "nigger party" and in the same breath begged the colored man to vote for him. He feared negro domination in Kentucky, some thing no one else fears. In fact his speech was just to suit the time of 1873—twenty-two years ago when the war was just over and strong prejudice ran pell-mell through the land. Realizing that prejudice and prejudice alone is the wand that keeps Kentuckians in the column of Democratic states that it was rapidly dying out, that the people were beginning to vote for their own interest, letting the past bury the past, it was but natural when this old ship of Democracy was going to pieces in the mid-ocean of public sentiment that he would seize and clutch upon the largest piece of wreckage left floating—Prejudice, and try to save himself. Sooner or later this fragment will be buried under a great tidal wave of ballots guided by a storm of sound ideas and principles as irresistible as that avalanche which swept everything before it last November. If the people of Kentucky say so it will be next November.—[Carrollton Commercial.

Next year we will go before the people as we did before. We will unfurl the banner of Republicanism, emblazoned with gold and silver, on which there shall be the words, "Protection to American Industry and Protection to American Labor." Let us stand on the platform of the Republican party, and we will again see the grand and magnificent State of Lincoln and of Grant and of Logan wreathed from Democratic misrule.—[Gen. Horace Clark.

## Carriage Court Help Matters.

It is easy to see how Carls could help his party by a stumping tour through Kentucky under present conditions. The chasm in the party is too broad now to bridge. He narrowed it just before the beginning of the canvass by his speeches in that State, but it widened when Hardin began his joint debates with Bradley and repudiated the platform. Carls can not help matters so long as Hardin remains on the ticket and continues shouting for free silver. The more speeches the sound money Democrats make now the wider the breach in their party will grow. It is a bad situation for the Democrats, and it can not be mended by anything either faction can do in the next two months.—[Globe-Democrat.

## WETS WIN. Judge Owen Hands Down a Final Decision.

The contest over the liquor election field here on June 17, voting whisky back in the town of Hartford, and over which there has been a great deal of bitter feeling and hard work, has been decided by Judge Owen. He handed down his decision last Friday in which he sustained the "wets." Hartford is now perhaps out of the fight on that question, which has consumed the attention of her citizens for nearly a year. We have heard some talk of an appeal but can learn nothing for certain about it.

## McClenny and Likens Speak.

Mr. John J. McClenny, an active young Ohio county politician, was in the city last night. He is a son of the late Hon. Henry D. McClenny, of Hartford, and when the latter died, while yet a member of the Constitutional Convention, the son was unanimously chosen to fill out the unexpired term. Talking of politics, Mr. McClenny said: "We are all right in Ohio county. We have the most abundant crop we have raised in years, and the people are prosperous and satisfied. We have no serious division over the money question our people as a rule being for sound money. Nevertheless, we do not regard the currency as an issue in the State campaign, and do not propose to let the Republicans profit by any differences among ourselves on this score. Ohio county is very close between the two parties, and fell into the Republican column over 300 last fall, but we are in better condition now, and feel confident of carrying it for our legislative candidate and for the State ticket."

"Mr. S. K. Cox, our nominee for representative, is an excellent man and will make a capable legislator. He is a sound money man and is understood to be either for McCrory or Buckner for Senator."

Mr. McClenny was accompanied by Mr. G. B. Likens, Chairman of the Democratic County Committee of Ohio county. Mr. Likens indorsed what Mr. McClenny said. He said in addition: "The Republicans are fighting to win this year, and all of that element in their party which went off with the Populists last year is back in line now and will vote for Bradley. Strange to say this is not true of those who left the Democratic party, they not having realized yet that they are playing into the hands of the Republicans."—[Courier-Journal.

## The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

The South No Longer Solid.  
The South was not always "solid,"—not always Democratic. It was broken on the Tariff question, and will be again. Time was when the South refused to regard a "Tariff for revenue only" as its political Koran. A great upheaval, reaching beyond the silver agitation, is going on among a people who have passed through a fiery furnace that seems to have been required to make them even wiser, better and greater than they were before the war. Thirty years have sufficed to remove all old prejudices. Reconstruction is a thing of the past. The fear of "negro domination," which astute aspirants for office so long held up as the "bogey" man to frighten and consolidate the people, has departed, and upon the apex of all this gone and forgotten political lore we find agricultural and mineral development, and a commercial impetus which will, ere long, astonish the North and the whole world with its effect and results.

When the issue of slavery came to dominate parties all else of politics and economics in the South departed, and for at least ten years before the war, and even since, those things which have grown out of it have made the South "solid." There is a breaking up in North Carolina, in South Carolina, in Louisiana, in Alabama, in Kentucky, in Tennessee, and the whole South is on the brink of a political volcano. This is not inexpressible. The South desires to advance itself of progress, to share in the nation's development, and it can not hope to do that under the policy of a "Tariff for revenue only." That policy has struck at sugar and rice, coal and iron, and these products, agricultural and mineral, are so powerful that their ramifications extend throughout almost every State and into banking and business circles. Protection is a policy too broad to be limited by sectional lines, and its advocates are too liberal, just and generous to withhold its beneficent effects from any part of the country desirous of embracing the advantages of that policy.—[American Economist.

## Hardin County Fair begins September 10 and continues four days.

When the Republicans party gets control again, as it will next year, with some Republican for President such as Reed or McKimley or some other man, we will take up that Tariff yet and go over it item by item and make amendments to it as will give reasonable protection to American labor and American industries as against foreign labor and foreign industries. The people of this country never knew they wanted that sort of Protection—they were never certain of it—until the Democrats, by mistake, got possession of this country two years ago.—[Senator Cullison.

## Bellevue Times and the Cause.

Republicans rejoice in all evidence of retarding prosperity. The business interests of the country were stricken down by the success of Mr. Cleveland on a platform demanding the immediate overthrow of the Protective system, and at the head of a party which had shown its friendship in every way to free silver coinage. The Democrats of the House of Representatives, as soon as called together by Mr. Cleveland, began to work on a bill under the supervision of Mr. Wilson designed to carry out the platform. It was passed by the House, but the Senate substituted another bill for it, which, under the lead of Mr. Gorman, the Democratic manager of that body, changed the Wilson bill into an irregular and unsystematic Protection measure. Business did not revive after that bill was passed because the Free-Trade and ruling element of the Democratic party denounced it as a base betrayal of principle, and declared at the first opportunity further steps would be taken toward Free-Trade. Last November the people had a chance to express their opinion, and they did so in a way that showed that there would be no more Free-Trade legislation for a long time to come. Then manufacturers and other business men felt safe in making some calculations for the future, and business began to revive. The indications are that we will have good crops and fair prices, and good crops and fair prices help the revival that the Republican victories started. The Republicans promised last fall that times would begin to improve if their cause was indorsed by the people, and the promise has been carried out. Times are better, but they are not wholly good, and will not be until Republicans are put in full charge of the administration of Government affairs.—[Louisville Commercial.

When Italy was sick, we gave her Castoria.  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.  
When she became a Man, she clung to Castoria.  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Trade with Carson & Co.

## Remember the Great Hardin County Fair will be held at Elizabethtown on September 10th to 13th.

Louisville  
Dental Co.  
114 Main St.,  
Owensboro,  
Ky.

## Painless Denistry a Specialty.

Our celebrated Crown and Bridge Work or Teeth without Plates applied without pain and guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction.  
Gold Crowns . . . . . \$5 to \$7  
Porcelain Crowns . . . . . \$3 to \$4  
Best set of Teeth (no better made no matter how much you pay) . . . \$8  
A Good Set . . . . . \$6  
Good Fillings . . . . . \$1 up  
Platinum Alloy . . . . . \$1  
Silver . . . . . 75c  
Extreming, per tooth . . . . . 25c  
Painless extracting with Vitalized Air . . . . . 50c  
PAINLESS EXTRACTING by the use of our Vitalized Air. FREE when Artificial Teeth are ordered.  
Gold Filling in your Artificial Teeth same as your natural Teeth.  
This Office Permanently Located.

## Good Times are Here Again and the

## DAVIESS CO. FAIR

Is to the front with an unusually attractive premium list.

## THE FAIR FOR 1895

Will Commence

## OCTOBER 1 AND CONTINUE 5 DAYS.

The Fair Grounds at OWENSBORO, KY., are acknowledged to be better arranged and are the finest Fair Grounds in the State. The Race Track is a model for a half mile track and has been kept in better condition this year than at any previous time.

## SPEED RINGS.

No entrance fee, no deduction. The speed rings are open without charge to all comers. If your horse don't win it don't cost you anything. The show in the Amphitheatre will be up to the usual standard, which guarantees world beaters and brings fine and fancy stock from everywhere. Here are a few premiums:

Saddle Stallion, Mare or Gelding	\$100.00
Fine stallion	80.00
Registered saddle stallion, mare or gelding	70.00
Mare 4 years old and upwards	80.00
Harness stallion, mare or gelding	100.00
Stallion, general use	80.00
Combined stallion, mare or gelding	100.00
Mare, general use	80.00
Double team	60.00
Harness gelding	100.00
Saddle gelding	80.00
Harness stallion	100.00
Harness mare	80.00
Saddle stallion	100.00
Saddle mare	80.00
Rockaway mare or gelding	50.00
Model ring	50.00

Apply to the Secretary at Owensboro, Ky., for entry blanks or premium list.

L. D. Baer & Bro. are lessees of all privileges.

J. W. CARTER, Secretary.

## Silver Rally and Free Dinner.

There will be a grand free silver rally and free dinner given at Prentiss, Ky., on Saturday, Sept. 7. Capt. C. A. Power, one of the greatest orators of the State of Indiana, will speak in the interest of the Free Coinage of Silver. Candidates of all political parties will be given an opportunity to present their claims for suffrage. A big free dinner will be given to all who attend. Everybody invited.

P. A. Swain and A. L. Westerfield, Managers.

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases." Simply apply "Swain's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAIN'S OINTMENT. 34 yrs.

The Grade Cards are better, prettier and cheaper than ever. They are the handsomest in the market; just the thing to make a child feel jubilant, and to keep as a souvenir of the school. 35 cents a hundred 300 for \$1.00, at REPUBLICAN Office.

Don't forget to hand in that subscription money this week. We are needing it worse than you are. We should be pleased to have you give us a social call with a financial jingle to it.

## Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

\$1.00 in Gold Given Away as Prizes. For the best pictures taken. On November 15th, 1895, we shall give away One Thousand Dollars in gold for the best pictures taken by the La-Crosse Camera.

The prizes will be awarded as follows: \$200 in gold will be given for the best picture taken by the La-Crosse Camera; \$100 for the second best; \$50 for the third best; \$25 for the fourth best; \$15 for the fifth best; \$10 for the sixth best, and for the next 40 best \$5 each will be given; for the next 80 best \$2.50 each will be given, and for the next 200 best pictures taken by the La-Crosse Camera \$1 each will be given, making in all \$1,000 given away.

We shall do this for two reasons, viz: The first to introduce the La-Crosse Camera for 1895; the second, to educate the amateur in photography.—This contest closes on November 1st, 1895.

This camera can be used by anyone and is sold under a positive written guarantee to do the work or money refunded.

Sent by express with full instructions and rules governing this contest upon receipt of express money order for \$1.75.

Remember, A Written Guarantee Goes with Every Camera.

Address: La-Crosse Specialty Co., La-Crosse Wis. Out Oct. 1







